

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND SUPPLIER'S IDENTIFICATION

**CAS Number:** 101-83-7

Product Name: Dicyclohexylamine

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 2.0
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Manufacturer's Name: Thames River Chemical Corp.

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Product/Recommended Uses: For laboratory or industrial use only.

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### Classification

Acute toxicity Dermal - Category 3

Acute toxicity Oral - Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 1

Skin Corrosion - Category 1B

# **Pictograms**





# Signal Word

Danger

# **Hazardous Statements - Health**

Toxic in contact with skin

Toxic if swallowed

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

# **Hazardous Statements - Environmental**

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

# **Precautionary Statements - General**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

# **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection/face protection.

Wash/Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

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Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Avoid release to the environment.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor, if you feel unwell.

Specific treatment (see first-aid on the SDS).

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Rinse mouth.

Collect spillage.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up.

### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulation. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, regional and local laws.

### **Physical Hazards Not Otherwise Classified**

No data available.

### **Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified**

No data available.

# SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0000101-83-7	CYCLOHEXANAMINE, N-CYCLOHEXYL-	100% - 100%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality or to reflect batch to batch variation.

# **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

### **Inhalation**

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell or are concerned. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor.

### **Eye Contact**

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face.

# **Skin Contact**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water/shower for a duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available.

# Ingestion

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

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#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

# **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Do NOT direct a solid stream of water or foam into burning molten material; this may cause spattering and spread the fire.

Water spray or fog.

Foam.

Dry chemical powder.

BCF (where regulations permit). Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Large Fire: Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

# **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use straight stream of water.

### **Specific Hazards in Case of Fire**

Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids. Containers may explode in fire. Fire will produce irritating and corrosive gases. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. Non-combustible, substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive fumes.

### **Fire-fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations. Large Fire: Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material

### **Special Protective Actions**

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible.

# **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **Emergency Procedure**

Stay uphill and/or upstream. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Evacuate and isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

Wear chemical protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear liquid tight chemical protective clothing in combination with positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

### **Personal Precautions**

Do not get on skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.

## **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Ventilate area after clean-up is complete. Absorb Liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal.

# **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### **General**

Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. This product is not intended for human or animal

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consumption. Use pneumatic and/or mechanical systems for bulk transfer of the substance Use exhaust ventilation and/or dust collecting filters for bulk transfer and storage. Use approved respiratory protection when handling. Keep bulk of materials out of sewer drains. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored

### **Ventilation Requirements**

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. Report ventilation failures immediately. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

### **Storage Room Requirements**

Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Protect containers against banging or other physical damage when storing, transferring, or using them. Procedures must be conducted in a fume hood, glove box, or other suitable containment device. Segregate from other hazard classes and store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from sources of ignition and incompatibilities. Provide secondary containment for toxic materials. Store, handle, and use corrosive materials in well-ventilated areas. Do not store on metal shelves. Store containers in plastic tubs or trays as secondary containment. Keep the smallest amount of material in work areas. Avoid rapid temperature changes in liquid storage areas. Store at temperatures above their respective freezing/melting point. Never store corrosives above eye level. Label cabinets with "TOXIC CHEMICALS" or similar warning.

# **SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### **Eye protection**

Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids

#### **Skin Protection**

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber.

### **Respiratory protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

## **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	CANsmg	CANsppm	CANtmg	CANtppm	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)
No applicable chemical	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Chemical Name	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Skin designation	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TLV Basis
No applicable chemical	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Chemical	ACGIH	ACGIH
Name	Carcinogen	Notations
No applicable chemical	-	-

# **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Density 7.59 lb/gal Specific Gravity 0.91

Appearance colourless liquid

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Odor Description faint ammonia (fishy) odour

Odor Threshold N/A

 pH
 not known

 Melting/Freezing Point
 0.00 °C

 Low Boiling Point
 256.00 °C

 High Boiling Point
 N/A

 Flash Point
 110.00 °C

 Vapor Pressure
 0.03 mmHg

 Vapor Density
 >6 (air=1)

Evaporation Rate not known – not considered volatile

Upper Explosion Level N/A
Lower Explosion Level N/A
Water Solubility slight
Coefficient Water/Oil not known
Viscosity not known

# **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# Reactivity

No data available.

# **Stability**

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

### **Conditions To Avoid**

no data available

# **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# **Incompatible Materials**

Strong oxidizing agents

# **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Soot, smoke ,carbon monoxide ,carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides.

# **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# **Likely Route of Exposure**

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption

# **Acute Toxicity**

Toxic in contact with skin

Toxic if swallowed

# **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Likely Routes of Exposure**

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

# **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# **Toxicity**

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

# **Persistence and Degradability**

No data available.

# **Bioaccumulative Potential**

No data available.

# **Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

### **Other Adverse Effects**

No data available.

# **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# **Waste Disposal**

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, provincial and local laws.

# **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

	Transport Canada Information	U.S. DOT Information
UN number:	UN2565	UN2565
Proper shipping name:	Dicyclohexylamine	Dicyclohexylamine
Hazard class:	8	
Hazard class:		8
Packaging group:	II	II
Hazardous substance (RQ):		No Data Available
Marine Pollutant:	No Data Available	No Data Available

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Note / Special Provision:	Note / Special Provision	No Data Available
Toxic-Inhalation Hazard:		No Data Available
Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78):	No Data Available	

# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0000101-83-7	CYCLOHEXANAMINE, N- CYCLOHEXYL-	100% - 100%	DSL,TSCA,EU_EC_Inventory - European_EC_Inventory

# **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

# **Glossary**

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CANsmg or CANsppm - Canadian Short Term Exposure Level in mg/L or in ppm; CANtmg or CANtppm - Canadian Time Weighted Average in mg/L or in ppm; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center(US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL-Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

### Version 2.0:

Revision Date: Feb 07, 2018

# Version 1.0:

Revision Date: Oct 20, 2017

Version 1.0

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