

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND SUPPLIER'S IDENTIFICATION

CAS Number: 7632-00-0
Product Name: Sodium Nitrite

Revision Date: Jul 05, 2017 Date Printed: Jun 24, 2022

Version: 1.0 Supersedes Date: N.A.

Manufacturer's Name: Thames River Chemical Corp.

Address: 5230 Harvester Road Burlington, ON, CA, L7L 4X4

Emergency Phone: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

Information Phone Number: 905-681-5353

Fax: 905-681-5377

Product/Recommended Uses: For laboratory or industrial use only.

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 1
Acute toxicity Oral - Category 3

Eye Irritation - Category 2A
Oxidizing Solids - Category 2

Pictograms









Signal Word

Danger

Hazardous Statements - Health

Toxic if swallowed

Causes serious eye irritation

Hazardous Statements - Physical

May intensify fire; Oxidizer

Hazardous Statements - Environmental

Very toxic to aquatic life

Precautionary Statements - General

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Avoid release to the environment.

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Wash/Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection/face protection.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.

Precautionary Statements - Response

Collect spillage.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Specific treatment (see first-aid on the SDS).

Rinse mouth.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use carbon dixoxide, alcohol foam, water spray or dry chemical to extinguish.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulation. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, regional and local laws.

Physical Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

No data available.

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

No data available.

Section 3) Comit Control on Martin Charles					
CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight			
0007632-00-0	SODIUM NITRITE	99% - 99%			

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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0007632-00-0	SODIUM NITRITE	99% - 99%
0112926-00-8	SILICA - PRECIPITATED	1% - 1%
0007631-99-4	SODIUM NITRATE	1% - 1%
0007732-18-5	WATER	0% - 0%
0000497-19-8	SODIUM CARBONATE	0% - 0%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality or to reflect batch to batch variation.

SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell or are concerned. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor.

Eye Contact

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Seek medical attention.

Skin Contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Store contaminated clothing under water and wash before re-use or discard. Rinse skin with water/shower and mild soap for 5 minutes or until product is removed.

Ingestion

Where medical attention is not immediately available or where the patient is more than 15 minutes from a hospital or unless instructed otherwise:

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INDUCE vomiting with fingers down the back of the throat, ONLY IF CONSCIOUS. Lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General: Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if swallowed.

Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva,

Ingestion: This material is toxic in small amounts orally, and can cause adverse health effects or death.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists. Skin Contact: IF ON CLOTHING: Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes. Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical advice/attention. Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Foam, water fog, dry chemical, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use direct water stream since this may cause fire to spread.

Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Fire Hazard: May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

Explosion Hazard: Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

Reactivity: Oxidizer: increases the burning rate of combustible materials.

Fire-fighting Procedures

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure

Stay uphill and/or upstream. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Evacuate and isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away. A vapor-suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.

Recommended Equipment

Wear chemical protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Ventilate area after clean-up is complete.

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

General

Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Provide appropriate exhaust

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ventilation at places where dust is formed. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. This product is not intended for human or animal consumption. Use pneumatic and/or mechanical systems for bulk transfer of the substance Use exhaust ventilation and/or dust collecting filters for bulk transfer and storage. Use approved respiratory protection when handling. Keep bulk of materials out of sewer drains.

Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. Report ventilation failures immediately. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

Storage Room Requirements

Do not store large quantities of flammable liquids in the same storage cabinet. Store in dry, cool areas, out of direct sunlight and away from other sources of heat. Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. Keep away from incompatible materials (e.g. oxidizers). Store flammable and combustible liquids in areas that are cool, dry and well ventilated to reduce vapour concentrations. Never use plastic or glass containers for storing flammable liquids. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Bond and ground metal containers/cylinders when transferring. Avoid storing in direct sunlight or near other heat sources; eliminate all sources of ignition. Cabinets must be labelled; FLAMMABLE - KEEP FIRE AWAY. Avoid storing in basements. Protect containers against banging or other physical damage when storing, transferring, or using them.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye protection

Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids

Skin Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	CANsmg	CANsppm	CANtmg	CANtppm	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)
SILICA - PRECIPITATED			5,2c				80 mg/m3 percent SiO2+2	20 (b)

Chemical Name	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Skin designation	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TLV Basis
SILICA - PRECIPITATED		1,3						

Chemical	ACGIH	ACGIH
Name	Carcinogen	Notations
SILICA - PRECIPITATED		

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and Chemical Properties

Density 18.09 lb/gal

Specific Gravity 2.17

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Appearance Pale straw-colored

 Odor Description
 odourless

 Odor Threshold
 N/A

 pH
 9.00

 Melting Point
 273.00 °C

 Low Boiling Point
 N/A

 High Boiling Point
 N/A

 Flash Point
 N/A

Vapor Pressure 0.12 mmHg

 Vapor Density
 N/A

 Evaporation Rate
 N/A

 Upper Explosion Level
 N/A

 Lower Explosion Level
 N/A

 Water Solubility
 820 g/I

 Coefficient Water/Oil
 N/A

 Viscosity
 N/A

SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Oxidizer: increases the burning rate of combustible materials.

Stability

May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

Conditions To Avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Heat. Sparks.

Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Incompatible Materials

Strong bases, acids, oxidizing and reducing agents, organic materials.

Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide, oxides of sulfur, carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Route of Exposure

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption

Acute Toxicity

Toxic if swallowed

Aspiration Hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive Toxicity

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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life

Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

Bioaccumulative Potential

No data available.

Mobility in Soil

No data available.

Other Adverse Effects

No data available.

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, provincial and local laws.

SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport Canada Information

UN number: UN 1500

Proper shipping name: Sodium Nitrite

Hazard class: 5.1(6.1) Packaging group: III Marine Pollutant: No

Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78): No Data Available

DOT Information

UN number: UN 1500

Proper shipping name: Sodium Nitrite

Hazard class: 5.1(6.1) Packaging group: III Marine Pollutant: No

Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78): No Data Available

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IMDG Information

UN number: UN 1500

Proper shipping name: Sodium Nitrite

Hazard class: 5.1(6.1) Packaging group: III Marine Pollutant: No

Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78): No Data Available

IATA Information

UN number: UN 1500

Proper shipping name: Sodium Nitrite

Hazard class: 5.1(6.1) Packaging group: III Marine Pollutant: No

Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78): No Data Available

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0007632-00-0	SODIUM NITRITE	99% - 99%	DSL,TSCA,EU_EC_Inventory - European_EC_Inventory
0112926-00-8	SILICA - PRECIPITATED	1% - 1%	DSL
0007631-99-4	SODIUM NITRATE	1% - 1%	DSL,TSCA,EU_EC_Inventory - European_EC_Inventory
0007732-18-5	WATER	0% - 0%	DSL,TSCA,EU_EC_Inventory - European_EC_Inventory
0000497-19-8	SODIUM CARBONATE	0% - 0%	DSL,TSCA,EU_EC_Inventory - European_EC_Inventory

SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

Glossary

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CANsmg or CANsppm - Canadian Short Term Exposure Level in mg/L or in ppm; CANtmg or CANtppm - Canadian Time Weighted Average in mg/L or in ppm; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center(US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL-Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

Version 1.0:

Revision Date: Jul 05, 2017

First Edition.

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