

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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## SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND SUPPLIER'S IDENTIFICATION

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**CAS Number:** 10213-79-3  
**Product Name:** Sodium Metasilicate Pentahydrate  
**Revision Date:** Jan 18, 2018 **Date Printed:** Jan 18, 2018  
**Version:** 2.0 **Supersedes Date:** Jul 05, 2017  
**Manufacturer's Name:** Thames River Chemical Corp.  
**Address:** 5230 Harvester Road Burlington, ON, CA, L7L 4X4  
**Emergency Phone:** CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300  
**Information Phone Number:** 905-681-5353  
**Fax:** 905-681-5377  
**Product/Recommended Uses:** For laboratory or industrial use only.

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## SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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### Classification

Acute toxicity Oral - Category 4  
Skin Corrosion - Category 1B  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity -Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation) - Category 3

### Pictograms



### Signal Word

Danger

### Hazard Statements - Health

Harmful if swallowed  
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
May cause respiratory irritation

### Precautionary Statements - General

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
Keep out of reach of children.  
Read label before use.

### Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wash thoroughly/Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
Keep container tightly closed.

### Precautionary Statements - Response

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor, if you feel unwell.

Rinse mouth.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Specific treatment (see first-aid on the SDS).

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor, if you feel unwell.

### Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

### Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulation. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, regional and local laws.

### Physical Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

No Data Available

### Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

No Data Available

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## SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0010213-79-3	Silicic acid, disodium salt, pentahydrate	100%

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## SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

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### Inhalation

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell or are concerned. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor.

### Eye Contact

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face.

### Skin Contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water/shower for a duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available.

### Ingestion

If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

### Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

No Data Available

### Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

No Data Available

## SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Small Fire : Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water-spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Large Fire: Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use straight stream of water.

### Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Containers may explode in fire. Fire will produce irritating and corrosive gases. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

### Fire-fighting Procedures

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations. Large Fire: Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material

### Special Protective Actions

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible.

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## SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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### Emergency Procedure

Evacuate persons not wearing protective equipment from area of spill until clean-up is complete. Isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.

### Recommended Equipment

Wear chemical protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

### Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing dust. DO NOT get on skin, eyes or clothing.

### Environmental Precautions

Evacuate persons not wearing protective equipment from area of spill until clean-up is complete. Prevent spilled material and water from clean-up/firefighting from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely.

### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Safely collect powdered material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal. Ventilate area after clean-up is complete. Avoid raising dust.

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## SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

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### General

Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. This product is not intended for human or animal consumption. All containers must be properly labelled. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored

### Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. Report ventilation failures immediately. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

### Storage Room Requirements

Segregate acids from bases, inorganic oxidizing acids from organic acids, flammables, and combustibles. Store in dry, cool areas, out of direct sunlight and away from other sources of heat. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous. Segregate acids from water reactive metals such as sodium, potassium, and magnesium. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Protect containers against banging or other physical damage when storing, transferring, or using them. Procedures must be conducted in a fume hood, glove box, or other suitable containment device. Segregate from other hazard classes and store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from sources of ignition and incompatibilities. Provide secondary containment for toxic materials. Store, handle, and use corrosive materials in well-ventilated areas. Keep the smallest amount of material in work areas. Do not store on metal shelves. Store containers in plastic tubs

or trays as secondary containment. Never store corrosives above eye level. Stir corrosives slowly and carefully into cold water when the job requires mixing corrosives and water.

## SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Eye protection

Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids

### Skin Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber.

### Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

### Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	CANsmg	CANspmm	CANtmg	CANtppm	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Skin designation	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)
No applicable chemical	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Chemical Name	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH Notations
No applicable chemical	-	-	-	-	-	-

## SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Physical and Chemical Properties

Density	21.78 lb/gal
Specific Gravity	2.61
Appearance	white powder
Odor Description	odourless
Odor Threshold	N/A
pH	12.5 (0.5% solution)
Melting Point	72°C (loses water of hydration)
Low Boiling Point	not known - decomposes
High Boiling Point	N/A
Flash Point	does not burn
Vapor Pressure	not known – not volatile
Vapor Density	N/A
Evaporation Rate	not known – not volatile
Upper Explosion Level	N/A
Lower Explosion Level	N/A
Water Solubility	210 g/litre (20°C)

Coefficient Water/Oil  
Viscosity

not known – completely insoluble in octanol  
not applicable, solid material

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## SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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### Reactivity

No Data Available

### Stability

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

### Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature, freezing and contact with incompatible materials.

### Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### Incompatible Materials

Strong bases, acids, oxidizing and reducing agents.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

No Data Available

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## SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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### Likely Route of Exposure

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption

### Acute Toxicity

LD50 Oral -rat: 847 mg/kg

Harmful if swallowed

### Aspiration Hazard

No Data Available

### Carcinogenicity

No Data Available

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No Data Available

### Reproductive Toxicity

No Data Available

### Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

No Data Available

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

No Data Available

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

No Data Available

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

May cause respiratory irritation

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## SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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### Toxicity

No Data Available

### Mobility in Soil

No Data Available

### Bio-accumulative Potential

No Data Available

### Persistence and Degradability

No Data Available

### Other Adverse Effects

No Data Available

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## SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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### Waste Disposal

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, provincial and local laws.

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## SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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### U.S. DOT Information

UN number: UN3253

Proper shipping name: Disodium trioxosilicate

Hazard class: 8

Packaging group: III

Hazardous substance (RQ): No Data Available

Toxic-Inhalation Hazard: No Data Available

Marine Pollutant: No Data Available

Note / Special Provision: No Data Available

### Transport Canada Information

UN number: UN3253

Proper shipping name: Disodium trioxosilicate

Hazard class: 8

Packaging group: III

Marine Pollutant: No Data Available

Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78): No Data Available

Note / Special Provision: Note / Special Provision

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## SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

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CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0010213-79-3	Silicic acid, disodium salt, pentahydrate	100%	EU_EC_Inventory - EC Inventory

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## SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

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### Glossary

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG- Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CANsmg or CANspmm - Canadian Short Term Exposure Level in mg/L or in ppm; CANTmg or CANTppm - Canadian Time Weighted Average in mg/L or in ppm; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center(US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL-Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

### Version 2.0:

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