

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND SUPPLIER'S IDENTIFICATION

CAS Number:	68585-34-2						
Product Name:	Thamesurf SLES 30% (Sodium Lauryl Ether Sulphate 30%)						
Revision Date:	Feb 26, 2018 Date Printed: Mar 28, 2						
Version:	1.0 Supersedes Date: N.A.						
Manufacturer's Name:	Thames River Chemical Corp.						
Address:	5230 Harvester Road Burlington, ON, CA, L7L 4X4						
Emergency Phone:	CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300						
Information Phone Numb	er:905-681-5353						
Fax:	905-681-5377						
Product/Recommended Uses: Feed additive and diet supplement							

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# Classification

Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 3

Eye Irritation - Category 2

Skin Irritation - Category 2

### Pictograms



### Signal Word

Warning

### Hazard Statements - Health

Causes serious eye irritation

Causes skin irritation

### **Hazard Statements - Environmental**

Toxic to aquatic life

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### **Precautionary Statements - General**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

# **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Avoid release to the environment.

Wash thoroughly/Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.

Specific treatment (see first-aid on the SDS).

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

No precautionary statement available.

### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulation. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, regional and local laws.

### **Physical Hazards Not Otherwise Classified**

No Data Available

### Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

No Data Available

### Acute toxicity of less than one percent of the mixture is unknown

# SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight			
0007732-18-5	WATER	71% - 74%			
0068585-34-2	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alphasulfoomegahydroxy-, C10-16-alkyl ethers, sodium salts	26% - 29%			
0068439-50-9	ETHOXYLATED ALCOHOL (C12-C14 ALCOHOL)	0% - 1%			
Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.					

# **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

### Eye Contact

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes or until medical aid is available. If irritation occurs, cautiously rinse eyes with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes, while holding the eyelids open.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

### **Skin Contact**

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Rinse/wash with lukewarm, gently flowing water and mild soap for 5 minutes or until product is removed. If skin irritation occurs or you feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use or discard.

### Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position. Get medical advice/attention.

### Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

### Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

# SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Small Fire : Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water-spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Large Fire: Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use straight stream of water.

#### Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Fire will produce irritating gases.

### **Fire-fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

### **Special Protective Actions**

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

# SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### **Emergency Procedure**

Isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay uphill and/or upstream. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

Wear chemical protective clothing.

### **Personal Precautions**

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Absorb Liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal.

# SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

### General

Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored All containers must be properly labelled.

#### **Ventilation Requirements**

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits.

### Storage Room Requirements

Store in dry, cool areas, out of direct sunlight and away from other sources of heat. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous. Store in original tightly closed container.

# SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Eye protection

Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids

### Skin Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC,

neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

### **Respiratory Protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

### **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	CANsmg	CANsppm	CANtmg	CANtppm	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Skin designation	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)
No applicable chemical	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Chemical Name	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH Notations
No applicable chemical	-	-	-	-	-	-

# SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Density Specific Gravity	8.46 lb/gal 1.01
Appearance	light yellow liquid
Odor Description	Faint odour
Odor Threshold	N/A
рН	6.5 – 7.5 as 10% in water
Melting/Freezing Point	0°C
Low Boiling Point	100 °C
High Boiling Point	N/A
Flash Point	93.9 °C
Vapor Pressure	No Data Available
Vapor Density	estimated lighter than air
Evaporation Rate	estimated slower than ethyl ether
Upper Explosion Level	N/A
Lower Explosion Level	N/A
Water Solubility	complete
Coefficient Water/Oil	No Data Available
Viscosity	500 cPs (25°C)

# SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# Reactivity

No Data Available

### Stability

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

### **Conditions to Avoid**

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature, freezing and contact with incompatible materials.

### **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# **Incompatible Materials**

Strong bases, acids, oxidizing and reducing agents.

# Hazardous Decomposition Products

No Data Available

# **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Likely Route of Exposure

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption

### **Acute Toxicity**

Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg

### **Aspiration Hazard**

No Data Available

# Carcinogenicity

No Data Available

### **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

No Data Available

### **Reproductive Toxicity**

No Data Available

### **Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

No Data Available

## Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

### **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Causes skin irritation

# Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

No Data Available

# Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

No Data Available

# **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Toxicity

Aquatic Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia): 2.33-4.81 mg/l, 48 hours Acute Fish LC50 Fish: 2.3 mg/l, 96 hours

Toxic to aquatic life

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Mobility in Soil

No Data Available

### **Bio-accumulative Potential**

No Data Available

# Persistence and Degradability

Readily biodegradable.

# Other Adverse Effects

No Data Available

# **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste Disposal

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, provincial and local laws.

# **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# Transport Canada Information

UN number: Not Regulated

Hazard class: N/A

Proper shipping name: N/A

Packaging group: N/A

### **U.S. DOT Information**

UN number: Not Regulated Hazard class: N/A Proper shipping name: N/A Packaging group: N/A

# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0007732-18-5	WATER	71% - 74%	DSL,TSCA,EU_EC_Inventory - EC Inventory
0068585-34-2	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alphasulfoomega hydroxy-, C10-16-alkyl ethers, sodium salts	26% - 29%	DSL,TSCA
0068439-50-9	ETHOXYLATED ALCOHOL (C12-C14 ALCOHOL)	0% - 1%	DSL,TSCA

# SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

### Glossary

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CANsmg or CANsppm - Canadian Short Term Exposure Level in mg/L or in ppm; CANtmg or CANtppm - Canadian Time Weighted Average in mg/L or in ppm; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center(US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL-Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

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